

Please amend the claims as follows:

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1. (Currently Amended) An olefin isomerization process which comprises contacting a fluid feed stream containing an olefin with an activated basic metal oxide catalyst under olefin isomerization conditions, the activated catalyst having an initial activity for olefin isomerization and containing an amount of activity-affecting impurity which does not exceed that amount which will result in a reduction of ~~the initial~~ catalyst activity by about 0.075 percent conversion loss per hour as measured by the isomerization of 1-butene to 2-butene.

2. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the basic metal oxide catalyst is selected from the group consisting of magnesium oxide, calcium oxide, barium oxide, lithium oxide and combinations thereof.

3. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the catalyst is magnesium oxide.

4. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the activity-affecting impurity in the basic metal oxide catalyst is, or contains, sulfur, phosphorus, at least one transition metal or a combination thereof.

5. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 4 wherein the at least one transition metal is iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, or a combination thereof.

6. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 2000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 500 ppm of one or more transition metals.

7. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 1000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 400 ppm of one or more transition metals.

8. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 75 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 330 ppm of one or more transition metals.

9. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the fluid feed stream comprises an olefin possessing an internal double bond, at least some of the olefin possessing an internal double bond being converted to a corresponding terminal olefin.

10. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 9 wherein the olefin possessing an internal bond comprises 2-hexene and/or 3-hexene and the corresponding terminal olefin is 1-hexene.

11. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 9 wherein the olefin possessing an internal double bond is 2-butene and the corresponding terminal olefin is 1-butene.

12. (Currently Amended) The olefin isomerization process of claim 11 ~~10~~ wherein the conversion of 2-butene to 1-butene is from about 20 percent to about 30 percent.

13. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the olefin isomerization conditions include a temperature of at least about 300°C.

14. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the olefin isomerization conditions include a temperature of from about 340°C to about 500°C.

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15. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 1 wherein the basic metal oxide catalyst is selected from the group consisting of magnesium oxide, calcium oxide, barium oxide, lithium oxide and combinations thereof, and the activity-affecting impurity includes sulfur, phosphorus, at least one transition metal or a combination thereof.

16. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 15 wherein the at least one transition metal is iron, chromium, cobalt, nickel, or a combination thereof.

17. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 3 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 2000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 500 ppm of one or more transition metals.

18. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 3 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 1000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 400 ppm of one or more transition metals.

19. (Original) The olefin isomerization process of claim 3 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 75 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 330 ppm of one or more transition metals.

20. (Currently amended) A process for isomerizing C₄ olefin derived from a mixed C₄ stream comprising the steps of:

a) providing a C₄ feed stream containing butadiene, 1-butene, 2-butene, and isobutylene;

b) selectively hydrogenating the C₄ feed stream in the presence of a hydrogenation catalyst and hydrogen whereby the butadiene is selectively hydrogenated to provide a first intermediate C₄ stream containing 1-butene, 2-butene, and isobutylene;

c) simultaneously hydroisomerizing and fractionating the first intermediate C₄ feed stream to convert 1-butene to 2-butene and to remove the isobutylene by fractionation to produce a second intermediate C₄ stream containing a higher concentration of 2-butene than in the C₄ feed stream; and

d) contacting the second intermediate C₄ stream with an activated basic metal oxide catalyst under olefin isomerization conditions, the activated catalyst having an initial activity for olefin isomerization and containing an amount of activity-affecting impurity which does not

exceed that amount which will result in a reduction of the initial catalyst activity by about 0.075 percent conversion loss per hour.

21. (Original) The process of claim 20 wherein the basic metal oxide catalyst contains no more than about 2000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 500 ppm of one or more transition metals.

22. (Original) The process of claim 20 wherein the basic metal oxide catalyst contains no more than about 1000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 400 ppm of one or more transition metals.

23. (Original) The process of claim 20 wherein the basic metal oxide catalyst contains no more than about 75 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 330 ppm of one or more transition metals.

24. (New) An olefin isomerization process which comprises contacting a fluid feed stream containing an olefin under olefin isomerization conditions with an activated catalyst consisting essentially of a basic metal oxide, the activated catalyst containing no amount of activity-affecting impurity which results in a deactivation rate of catalyst isomerization activity exceeding about 0.75 percent conversion loss per hour.

25. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 24 wherein the basic metal oxide is selected from the group consisting of magnesium oxide, calcium oxide, barium oxide, lithium oxide and combinations thereof.

26. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 24 wherein the basic metal oxide is magnesium oxide.

27. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 24 wherein the activity – affecting impurity is, or contains, sulfur, phosphorous, at least one transition metal, or a combination thereof.

28. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 27 wherein the transition metal is iron, cobalt, nickel, or a combination thereof.

29. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 27 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 2000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than 500 ppm of one or more transition metals.

30. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 27 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 1000 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 400 ppm of one or more transition metals.

31. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 27 wherein the catalyst contains no more than about 75 ppm of sulfur and/or phosphorous and no more than about 330 ppm of one or more transition metals.

32. (New) The olefin isomerization process fo claim 27 wherein the fluid feed stream comprises an olefin processing an internal double bond, at least some of the olefin possessing an internal double bound being converted to a corresponding terminal olefin.

33. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 32 wherein the olefin possessing an internal bond comprises 2-hexene and/or 3-hexene and the corresponding terminal olefin is 1-hexene.

34. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 32 wherein the olefin possessing an internal double bond is 2-butene and the corresponding terminal olefin is 1-butene.

35. (New) The olefin isomerization process of claim 24 wherein the deactivation rate of catalyst activity does not exceed 0.033 mol. % conversion loss per hour.

36. (New) The olefin isomerization process fo claim 24 wherein the deactivation rate of catalyst activity does not exceed 0.027 mol. % conversion loss per hour.